



A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE.  
A FIRESIDE COMPANION.  
It is true if you see it in  
**THE BEE.**  
DON'T BORROW THIS PAPER

# THE BEE.

WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1899.

The Bee  
GREAT ADVERTISING MEDIUM.  
TRY IT!  
Do you want reliable news? Do you want a  
fearless race advocate? Do you want colored  
trade? Read and advertise in **THE BEE!**

VOL XVII.

NO. 47



Senator M. A. Hanna,—who has no doubt of President McKinley's renomination and election



Major Lynch, entertained.



Only one man, in Washington gives 12 cabinet size Phos and a

Crayon Portrait for \$5.00

Its

PRICE,  
ARTIST, PHOTOGRAPH  
723 Seventh Street, N. W.

Politicians ought to tell the truth. Put a small man in a big position and he will forget himself.

Why is justice in Washington like the weather?

Because it is changeable. The justice that is meted out to the white man not given to the negro.

There is but little hope for the negro in the South.

The BEE editor is not looking for an office and neither does he want one.

Unhappy is the man who hangs on official favors.

Abolish the office of justice of the peace.

It is better that they are abolished

All offices in the District of Columbia should be filled by election.

The negro vote will divide in 1900.

Our new leadership is made out of that which cannot be seen.

In union there is strength.

E. M. Hewlett is the most manly negro attorney before the District bar.

He is not the man to cater for favors.

If there was more manhood in negro attorneys they would succeed better.

Be truthful, it will pay always.

There is too much treachery among certain negroes to succeed.

This world was not made for the white man alone.

It is not well to tell all you know.

Be careful of what you say and to whom you say it.

Don't be too hasty in coming to a conclusion.

The Maryland politicians have not been cared for as yet.

Will the negro vote ever become a factor in American body politic?

Be what you say you are nothing more.

Deception is sooner or later detected.

An honest man is a truthful man.

You should do nothing that is distasteful to good society.

It is not the person who grins in your face, that should be regarded as your friend.

Don't place too much confidence in the person who pretends friend ship.

Be honest with your fellow man.

The best policy is when you can not do a thing say so.

It will never effect you to be truthful.

Don't be alarmed at every little noise.

The try daily has been struggling hard since its publication.

It came out one day and has been trying hard ever since to make its appearance daily.

Can any one tell the difference between the old school and new school of politicians?

Well out of the great number of officers appointed in the army not one negro was appointed.

What has become of the repeal of the civil service law?

Don't forget how the negroes fought on San Juan Hill.

General Miles thinks well of the negro soldiers.

And yet not a negro officer has been appointed in the regular army.

The man who speaks the truth is the man to trust.

Don't be too impetuous in your deliberation.

The man who thinks he knows it all is generally affected with the big head.

There was tyranny in the schools on the part of certain school officers.

There are some school officials too much on the old woman order.

The day will soon come when all will be placed on a level.

It is not the wise man who makes a fool of himself.

Our head swells some times beyond the usual size.

in Washington gives 12 cabinet size Phos and a

Crayon Portrait for \$5.00

Its

PRICE,  
ARTIST, PHOTOGRAPH  
723 Seventh Street, N. W.

J. J. Duvall's  
- C A F E -

2027 L Street, N. W.  
Is now open to accommodate ladies and gentlemen with first-class

LUNCHES, A.C.  
ICE CREAM, CAVES, CIGARS  
AND TOBACCO.

This is no Joke

"Save your pennies  
on this and that."  
By coming around to the

Stanton Flats

You will find a full line of

Groceries and

Provisions.

R. P. SOPER.

Stanton Market.

No. 1154 19th Street, Northwest.

Geo. J. Bessler,  
SOUTHERN,  
Meat Market

No. 713 F Street, Southwest.

Stalls: 86 to 87 Center Marker, 7th Street Wing.

Isaac Levy, & Co

No. 1001 4th Street, Southwest.

Clothers, Shoes, Hatters, and Gents' Furnishers, Trunks, Velice, Jewelry, and Merchant Tailoring.

Having purchase the entire Stock of Shoes A. Minster, 495 Penn. Ave., we will offer to the Public \$5 and \$6 shoes to go at \$2.50, \$3 and \$3.50 \$1.50, 95c.

Branch Stores: 727 and 1021 4th Street Southwest.

HOTEL TANNER.

Board by the day, week or month. The best Afro-American house in Maryland.—Hot and Cold Baths, Theatrical Companies a Specialty.

No. 505 W German Street,  
Baltimore, Md.



Advertise in

The

Washington

Bee.

It is a business builder for the scores of merchants.

Office.

1109 I Street, N. W.



YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

AT  
House & Herrman N

The Only Complete Housefurnishing Establishment  
Washington.

IN ALL THE LARGEST STREETS, IN. W.

SPURNED \$400 000 BRIBE

BARNEGAT'S QUEER CATS,  
Some With Tails, Some Without, and All  
Expert Fishers and Hunters.

FRANK S. Monnett, Attorney  
General of Ohio, Says  
He Did It.

ATTACKS THE OIL TRUST.

Predecessor Began Fight—Succeeded  
in Having Standard Oil Co. Declared an Illegal Corporation.

Monnett Started Proceedings to Have the  
Trust Declared in Contempt of Court,  
and States that a Representative Offered  
Him \$400,000 to Cease Activity—Is a  
Very Persistent Man.

There is no reason why special credit  
should be given to a public official  
who spurns a bribe, yet the fact re-  
mains that the public is strongly in-  
clined to give such credit, and partic-  
ularly to one who spurns a \$400,000  
bribe which he could easily have  
taken under the circumstances and  
never have been accused of anything  
worse than quitting in a fight against  
a monster monopoly that means  
nothing but hard work to him.

That is why there is so much interest  
in Frank S. Monnett, the young  
Attorney-General of Ohio, who was  
won the plaudits of the people of his  
own and other States by his per-  
sistent and well directed attack on the  
Standard Oil Company. He has  
shown the sort of courage that men  
like, and, if the people of his State  
ever nominate him for a higher office  
than he now holds, as is not unlikely,  
he will make a mighty strong candi-  
date, even though the Oil Trust mag-  
nates exert their tremendous money  
power against him, as they surely  
will do.

Mr. Monnett is not more than thirty-  
eight years old. He was elected At-  
torney-General of Ohio in 1895. His  
predecessors had begun suit against  
the Standard Oil Company which had  
resulted in the declaration of the Ohio  
Supreme Court that the trust was an  
illegal corporation and must cease its  
operations in the State. That order  
had been given by the court in 1895,  
and Mr. Monnett, like everybody else,  
was familiar with the situation, knew  
that the trust had made merely a pretense  
of obeying it.

Immediately he started proceedings  
to have the trust magnates declared  
in contempt of court and further pro-  
ceedings to have the charters of its  
constituent companies in Ohio taken  
away because of the illegal alliance  
into which they had entered. Through  
these proceedings he has made life a  
burden to the Standard Oil Company's  
officers, and so wisely has he waged  
his war that they are fearful of  
obeying it.

It surprised nobody, therefore, when  
a few weeks ago Mr. Monnett told of  
an attempt which has been made to  
get him to cease fighting by a bribe of  
\$400,000. In the presence of his  
brother-in-law a representative of the  
trust told him where he could find  
\$400,000 that nobody need ever know  
he received if he would only cease his  
activity. He was not asked even to  
withdraw any of the suits he had  
brought but merely to let them drag  
along until his term of office expired.

What sort of a man is this young  
lawyer who puts aside an immense  
fortune, a fortune as great or greater  
than he can hope to make by a life of  
hard work?

Mr. Monnett is a quiet serious man,  
of student-like appearance, one who  
carefully plans his actions and weighs  
the results before he moves. He is  
tall, about five feet, not at all inclined  
to stoutness, is inclined to stoop a  
little, particularly when he shoves  
his hands in his pockets and walks  
up and down a room thinking over a  
case or conversing with a friend.

His forehead is high and broad. His  
dark brown hair is parted in the middle  
and brushed to either side, but not  
all in a "chippin" style. His eyes  
are dark, large and expressive. His  
jaw is square, the lines of his mouth  
are firm, and altogether he looks as  
he is, a man with much reserve force  
and confidence that when he needs it  
it will be available.

Mr. Monnett speaks slowly and does  
not allow himself to get excited. In  
getting at the truth regarding the  
methods and doings of the Standard  
Oil Trust, Mr. Monnett has had to  
reach many things out and form his  
own conclusions, as the trust has more  
secrets than a political boss and pays  
hundreds of thousands of dollars a  
year to lawyers to guard them. Many  
of his conclusions he finds are not just  
as the evidence develops, and it is  
there that the persistent character  
of the man best shows.

Starting out to establish a point  
with a witness, who will tell practical-  
ly nothing and is constantly looking  
for an opportunity to ridicule him.  
Mr. Monnett frames his questions ac-  
cording to the conclusions he has  
reached, and as he puts them he is  
soon able to ascertain from the man-  
ner of the witness and the trust law-  
yers whether he is on the right track  
or not. If he is wrong they ridicule  
him if he is right they object and protest.

Mr. Monnett is an exceedingly affable  
man, in a quiet, unostentatious  
way. He does not regard himself as  
a giant-killer, or a monster-hunter.  
He simply knows that the laws of  
Ohio prohibit operations of monopolies  
within the State, that the Courts of  
Ohio have declared the Standard-Oil  
Company to be such an illegal monopoly,  
and that as Attorney-General it is  
his business to see that the laws are  
enforced and the mandate of the court  
obeyed.

Maurice Corson, a Palermo (N. J.)  
store-keeper, who died recently,  
bought a quantity of calico during the  
civil war, paying 50 cents a yard for it.  
When the price fell to eight cents  
a yard after the war, Corson declared  
he would not sell a yard of his goods  
unless he realized a sum equivalent  
to the price he had paid for it. The  
goods remained on the shelves in Cor-  
son's store for thirty-eight years, and  
were finally sold for two and three  
cents a yard.

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# THE WASHINGTON BEE.

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W. CALVIN CHASE, EDITOR.

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## SPECIAL NOTICE.

There are regular Authorized Collectors in the employ of THE BEE Printing Co., and when they call to see delinquent subscribers they are requested to pay them, and not give the excuse that "they will see the Editor."

The Editor has no time to see the subscribers, and it is hoped that his friends and the patrons of THE BEE will pay the Collector when he calls.

## NEGRO TROOPS FOR THE PHILIPPINES.

Editor New York Journal:  
Why not urge on President McKinley the necessity of sending negro troops to the Philippines Islands? We have in our southern states any quantity of negroes who properly officered by whites, would be the best material to use against the insurgents. The climate would suit them, and we have before us the example of the British, who use inferior races, with white officers, in India and Egypt. I suggest this, as it is evident that a call for 100,000 or more volunteers will have to be made before the Filipinos can be subdued, and we cannot afford to sacrifice too many white men.

E. Fitzgerald Hollister.  
1884 Vanderbilt Ave., N.Y. Apr. 19.

We clip from the *Journal* the above to show in what aspect some of our white friends (?) view our helpfulness in the Philippines war. That the colored soldiers would be a most useful and effectual element in the determination of war conditions in favor of the honor as well as the interests of the American government, is most likely. The excellent discipline and courage of the colored troops have been amply demonstrated in his conduct while in Cuba. And there may be no objection on the part of our people to doing all that is reasonable toward settling the difficulties and terminating a campaign of bloodshed. But the experience from which our brave and efficient colored soldiers have just emerged is of the sort to discourage rather than encourage them to reenlist in a campaign so far from base. They will want some better reasons that urged by the writer of the above clipping who seems to regard them as so many "things" to be killed as a means of saving white men. The spirit of discrimination shown and practiced in the Cuban war is hardly calculated to overstimulate patriotic sentiments among our people, still less to willingly and foolishly submit to being battered and butchered just to save the white people. The whites got all there was of glory or profit out of the war, while the colored soldiers get all of the "cussing" and it is no more than proper that the whites be made to maintain a policy which they boastingly characterized as humane, but which now appears but little better than an array of the whites against the blacks.

The colored people are willing and ready to do their part and when called upon in the spirit and under conditions of fair play, will doubtless do much to bring victory and laurels to American arms. It may not be the opinion of many ignorant whites, but the fact is that the colored people have a sufficient number of able, experienced, brave and skillful men to lead any or all colored troops which the President may see fit to enlist. Judging from the way some of our white friends talk, the colored people are in a most deplorable condition of ignorance, but the talk is born of prejudice and entirely out of tune with the facts. From motives of pride as well as patriotism, the colored people will not throw themselves in the breach, bear off the palm of victory and then have it ruthlessly taken from them while they are misrepresented, sneered at and discouraged. The American negro is as brave and as patriotic as the best and proudest of white Americans and far the superior of the foreign scum.

who come to this country simply to find a job and are accepted in the army under most favorable conditions. Perhaps it would be most wise to have colored troops and colored colonies in the Philippines. And it is not impracticable, as an experiment. But to suppose that colored people, such as would be helpful in the adjustment of conditions favorable to this country, will go under the ban of discrimination and with no prospect of advancement, is quite too foolish to think about. Give to the colored man a fair chance and the world will find that it pays to practice as well as merely proclaim the doctrine of the brotherhood of man.

## IT IS GUSHING?

The gushing southern governors who are struggling to explain the horrible cannibalism displayed in the southern states seem to have no compunctions in their attempts to mislead northern people as to the real cause of the lawlessness and bloodthirstiness perpetrated against the blacks. It is stated by them that politics are at the bottom of it all. Such statement coming from a governor of a state, shows how thoroughly and completely the South is dominated by the spirit of hate, audacity and anarchy. In Georgia, where the recent horrible atrocities were committed, the masses of colored people are practically disfranchised. They hold few if any political offices of importance worth mentioning and manifest no interest in politics. The election returns show that thousands of colored voters do not even go to the polls. The system of espionage has been so severe and wide spread that colored people have thought it unprofitable to pay attention to politics. It is because of the absence of politics among colored people in Georgia, that the whites have become emboldened to commit so many deeds of lawlessness and crime. The fact is that in the South where the colored people are allowed to vote, there are no alleged outrages such as we hear of from states where political rights are denied. The fact is that the poor whites are brutes and totally unfitted for citizenship and hence they satisfy their brutal tendencies by maltreating the colored people. The little game of associating outrage with every other crime committed by colored people is entirely too transparent to successfully hoodwink the good people of the North. The northern people are conservative, but they are not fools and will be neither parties to nor sympathizers with murderers and moral lepers.

## DOING HARM.

From the Bryn Mawr Defender.

Booker T. Washington's political heresy is doing more harm to the negro than any other agency in the United States. His assumed and forced leadership by his white friends over a race contending for equal rights as citizens under the Constitution, is an outrage upon constitutional justice. Like Esau, he is trying to sell his birthright and that of the race for a morsel of pottage. It seems quite unfair for Mr. Washington to undertake to surrender the civil and political rights of a race for the advantage of his educational institution. Every one is ready and willing to concede that Mr. Washington is one of the most successful educators of the country, that he is doing a good work at Tuskegee, for which due credit is given him. It seems to us that as an educator he should stick to his duties and not like the end man in a circus, he should not go over the country advising the colored people to quit politics, or any other profession in which they would engage. Mr. Washington says that if the negro ceases to vote and let all the political offices go to a certain class of citizens, there would be no more lynching. Perfect nonsense, the politicians are seldom lynched. The women outrages, the murderers and thieves are the subjects that offer the most material for the lynchers in the lawless South with a federal officer thrown in now and then. Therefore, if Mr. Washington would attend to his duties as an educator and try and better the morals of our people in his section instead of urging them to abandon their citizenship, he would do the right thing. What influence is Tuskegee, having upon the lynchers of Alabama? None whatever.

This national apologist is an impediment to the race. The white people would like to thrust him upon the negro as his leader. The negro does not recognize negro leadership. There are lots in this country like Washington. Mr. White is an up to date congressman and a real live representative of the negro.

## OUR NEW ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT.

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia have appointed an assistant superintendent of the public schools. The presumption is that he will assist in the conduct of the colored schools as well as the white. So far as our colored schools are concerned, Mr. Cook is sufficiently able to take care of them without the interference of an assistant. Superintendent Powell may be in need of an assistant, but since our schools are separate there is no reason why Mr. Cook should not have an assistant also if he needs one. The colored schools seem to be an eye sore to some people and for that reason there seems to be a disposition on the part of the whites to make an inroad into the colored schools.

## GOOD MAN GONE.

The death of Mr. Jno. W. Curry, which took place last Tuesday afternoon removed from our midst one of the best known and highly respected citizens of Washington. For over thirty years, the deceased faithfully and honorably served as letter carrier, having been the first colored carrier appointed. During the early days of our citizenship, Mr. Curry was an active participant in political affairs and assisted in securing to our colored citizens the system of public schools which we now enjoy. Owing to the character of his business and the uniform courtesy, promptness and intelligence with which he conducted himself, Mr. Curry enjoyed the friendship of the most distinguished white and colored citizens and held it until his death. He was a member of the Letter Carriers Association and did much to open the way for admission of other colored carriers. During his sickness, Mr. Curry was called upon by many prominent white officials as well as the entire letter carriers' force and was tendered the warmest and most substantial assurance of esteem. The record made by our lamented friend will stand out as a exemplification of the capacity, honest devotion to duty of our people and a rebuke to the false representations which are often made to the contrary. We extend to the bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy.

## HOW TO SOLVE (?) THE RACE PROBLEM.

From the Southern Workman.

R. T. Coles and Booker T. Washington were schoolmates together at Hampton, Va. They have similar ideas for the development of their race. Mr. Coles tries to bring out the best in the boys and girls who are in his charge. He tells them that the solution of the race question rests with themselves, and to solve it needs only the same application of industry to their opportunities on the part of the negro young men as white men employ. He encourages the boys to learn the little useful arts so that they may be of advantage in private families where they are employed.

Of all the remedies that have ever been recommended, for a solution of the race problem, may be found in the above except from the *Southern Workman*. It is quite evident that both Coles and Washington are two narrow constructed individuals. Whenever you see supposed intelligent negroes defending such men, you can depend on it that they are getting free summer board at the Tuskegee school.

Bishop Grant is a very logical reasoner.

The real estate brokers are endeavoring to sell to the Commissioners any old land for the colored industrial school.

The Commissioners will oppose the appointment as successor to Mr. Montgomery any one who may have practiced nepotism in office. No favoritism is to be tolerated.

When you take a small man and put him in a big office he gets the swell head.

THE BEE is the people's advocate and a true American.

There is no reason that some colored men cannot be appointed under the District government.

THE BEE acknowledges the receipt of an official copy of the Congressional Directory from Hon. Geo. H. White of North Carolina. Mr. White is an up to date congressman and a real live representative of the negro.

## A PLACE OF DETENTION NEEDED.

From the Evening Star.

A small colored boy was yesterday sent to the workhouse for six days because he had ridden his bicycle the night before without a lamp. The punishment hardly fits the crime. The little fellow had no money and none was advanced to pay his fine, so he was bundled off into the van with the vagrants, the drunkards and women and the other riff-raff of the court and sent to a colony where he can learn only that which is evil. His offense at best was slight. It is, of course, desirable that the police regulations concerning the use of the wheel should be strictly enforced. The streets must be made safe for pedestrians and drivers and wheelmen who are particular in their obedience to the rules. But at the same time it seems rather harsh to class infractions of these rules with the offenses against morality and decency which are daily punished by sentences to the workhouse. It is easy to see that justice in such cases somewhat embarrassed by her blindness. Her scales cannot accurately weigh all the little matters which are occasionally put into the pans. The Star has heretofore urged that some place of detention should be provided, different from the jail and the workhouse, where people who are guilty of slight infractions of the municipal laws which do not involve any degree of moral turpitude may be held pending or in default of the payment of a fine. Such a place need not be revolting to afford a punishment. It need not throw men and perhaps women and children into unclean associations to enforce the dignity of the law and the regulations. It could have varied uses, such as the detention of witnesses, of suspects and of prisoners waiting for collateral which is certain to be forthcoming. Every large city has this margin of semi-criminal cases which fit neither the jail nor the workhouse, and Washington, is assuredly large enough now to be equipped with the means of caring properly and decently for them.

We have too much of these kinds of sentences in the courts. Not only are small boys sent to jail with the rough, dirty and filthy prisoners, but they are confined in the cells of the Police Court where they come in contact with thieves and cut throats.

The death of Prof. H. P. Montgomery takes from our midst one of the brightest minds among the negroes. He was a good and efficient officer in our schools. His funeral was largely attended yesterday from the Metropolitan church.

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## STRANGE FREAK OF NATURE

How a Caterpillar's Body Becomes the Root of a Bulrush.

From the Evening Star.

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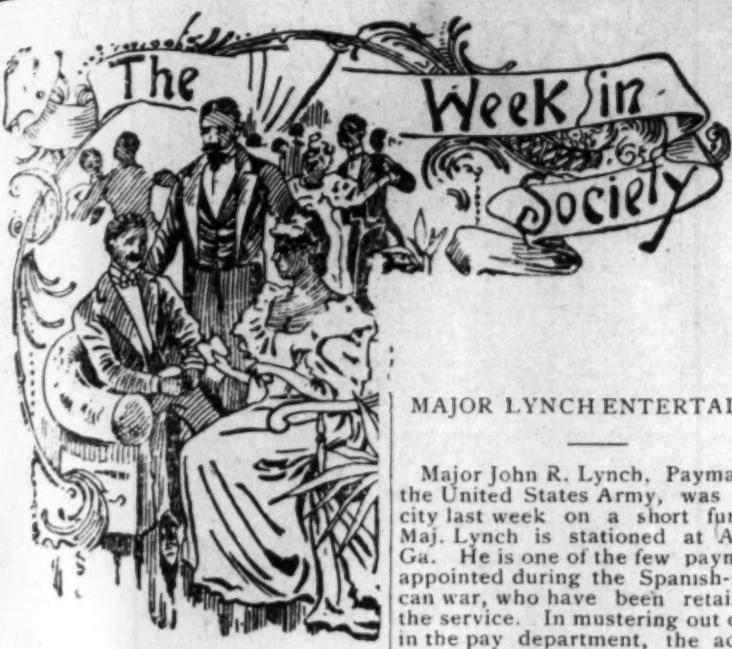
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# THE WASHINGTON BEE.



## MAJOR LYNCH ENTERTAINED.

Major John R. Lynch, Paymaster in the United States Army, was in the city last week on a short furlough. Maj. Lynch is stationed at Atlanta, Ga. He is one of the few paymasters appointed during the Spanish-American war, who have been retained in the service. In mustering out officers in the pay department, the administration has retained those whose work has been best. It is therefore, a very great compliment to Maj. Lynch that his services have won for him retention in the army under the new reorganization bill of March 1899.

While in the city Maj. Lynch took occasion to say some things of interest to the representative of the BEE who called at his office in the Capital Savings Bank. When the subject of national administration and its success in affairs generally was broached, Maj. Lynch said, "President McKinley will succeed himself. In fact I don't think he will have any opposition for renomination, and his election is an assured fact. We see every day evidences of restored confidence and returned prosperity. We can hardly pick up a newspaper in which we do not see that the rates of laborers North, East and West are being increased. Even the South is beginning to feel the beneficial effects of the republican policy; but it is less marked in that section than in others, for the reason that raw cotton which is the principal product of the South will necessarily be one of the last products that will be affected by the change. The increase of wages in the cotton factories is an indication that there is an increased demand for manufactured cotton goods which means that there will be an increased demand for raw cotton. This condition will enhance the value of raw cotton unless the southern planters make the mistake of increasing the supply out of proportion to the natural growth and demand. I think it is safe to assume that southern planters will soon enjoy the same degree of prosperity that is now being enjoyed by the western farmers."

Maj. Lynch was asked what effect he thought the war would have on President McKinley before the people two years from now and whether he thought the President's southern tour had done him any harm politically. "As a war President," said Major Lynch, "Mr. McKinley is a pronounced success. The country is satisfied that in such an emergency the right man was in the right place. His policy all during the war was and now is wise, judicious and humane. As it grows in age it will grow in strength and popularity."

"The colored people can safely follow where such a man leads. He has always been a consistent republican and an earnest advocate of the rights of the colored man. It is true he is in favor of blotting out the unpleasant memories engendered by the war of the rebellion, in other words in favor of sectional pacification. Why should any colored man object to this? The difference between President McKinley and the southern democrat on this subject is very marked. The southern democrat wants sectional pacification with the colored man left out. President McKinley wants it with the colored man left in. This fact was clearly demonstrated in his trip through the South last winter. He made a visit to Prof. Booker T. Washington's institution at Tuskegee, Ala., and delivered an address. He excused himself from the reception that was tendered him by the Governor and other state officers and legislators at Montgomery long enough to accept an invitation to deliver an address to the colored people from the pulpit of a colored church. When at Savannah, Ga., he excused himself from the great crowd of admiring democrats at the De Soto Hotel long enough to visit Prof. R. R. Wright's institution, the Colored State Normal School of Georgia, where he delivered a magnificent speech in which he eulogized the heroism and bravery displayed by the colored soldiers in the fight up San Juan Hill. These visits were not intended merely as compliments to those who extended the invitations. They were intended to impress the country with the fact that it is his determination and the policy of his administration that no scheme of sectional pacification will have his sanction that does not include the colored man as a political equal."

Maj. Lynch was further questioned by the representative of the BEE as to the suggestion made recently that colored men in the South should vote the democratic ticket. In reply he said, "Yes I have seen that some such suggestion is reported to have emanated from influential quarters. If it be possible, which I very much doubt, for a colored man to be a democrat from choice, from principle and conviction, then it is not only his privilege, but his duty to give expression to his conviction at the ballot box, provided he is permitted by his party associates to do so. But a suggestion that colored men vote contrary to their honest convictions and against what they honestly believe to be their own interests and the best interest of their country, that they kiss the rod that smites them; that they surrender their opinion and manhood upon the altar of expediency with a vain hope that their oppression will thereby be induced to show them a little more mercy and consideration is too cowardly and sycophantic to deserved serious consideration. No sensible and intelligent man will not only spurn such a suggestion, but they will not look with toleration upon the person or persons by whom it may be suggested."

John W. Curry, the first colored letter carrier appointed in the city and who acted in that capacity for 33 consecutive years, died at his residence last Tuesday evening. The funeral services which were held at St. Luke's church on Friday afternoon, were very largely attended by some of the most distinguished white and colored citizens. Mr. Curry was the brother of Mrs. Henry Freeman, Mrs. Dr. G. H. Richardson and Mrs. Prior of this city.

Rose Sydell and her London Belles Company will be the attraction at the Kermans' next week. As usual there will be many pretty girls in handsome costumes. In the two burlesques introduced there will be lots of charming music and hilarity. In the solo, some of the best acts before the public will be seen, including Karina the singer of French songs.

## CITY BRIEFS.

Mr. P. H. Montgomery one of the supervising principals of the colored schools, died at his late residence, Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. John W. Curry, an old and respected citizen and the oldest colored letter carrier, died at his residence on 10th street, northwest, last Tuesday evening.

"By the way major, have you not seen it reported in the press that the

## LEGAL NOTICES.

### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

HOLDING A SPECIAL TERM FOR ORPHANS' COURT BUSINESS.

In re Estate of Wm. H. Taylor No. 8648 Deceased. Application being presented to the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, concerning a special term for Orphans' Court business, for probate of a last will and testament and codicils, and for letters of administration with will annexed, and for appointment of a master in chancery that Henry E. Baker be appointed as Administrator c. t. a. ....

It is ordered this 5th day of April, A. D. 1899, that notice is hereby given to Same H. Taylor, and all other persons whom it may concern, to appear at the court on Friday, the 12th day of May, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why such application should not be granted. This notice shall be published in the Washington Law Reporter and The Washington Times in each of three successive weeks before the return day herein mentioned—the first publication to be not less than thirty days before the return day.

By the 12th day of April, A. D. 1899, A. C. Bradley, Justice.  
ATTEST: J. Nota McGill, Register of Wills.  
Jno. R. Lynch and D. B. McCary, Attorneys for Applicant.

## H. K. FULTON

### LOAN OFFICE

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, & MONEY LOANED ON EASY PAYMENTS.

H. K. Fulton has removed his Loan Office from his old stand, 1218 Pa., avenue to his handsome new building, 314 9th street, n. w., between Penn. ave. and D st, n. w., where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER, UNREDEEMED PLEDGES FOR SALE.

314 9th Street, Northwest.

### Established 1866

### BURNSTINE LOAN OFFICE

361 Penn. Ave. n. w.

Gold and silver watches, diamonds, jewelry, pistols, guns, mechanical tools, ladies and gentlemen's wearin apparel.

Old gold and silver bought. Unredeemed pledges for sale.

## BARGAINS

### IN

### PIANOS

Upright and Square Pianos.

On Easy Terms

Chas. M. Steiff,

Steiff Piano Warerooms,

521 Eleventh Street, Northwest.

## MUSICAL NOTES.

Mr. Joseph H. Douglass, our fine violinist together with Mr. Paul Lawrence Dunbar, the poet, are to appear in concert at Philadelphia in May.

The Philharmonic Glee Club has made the announcement of the resignation of Prof. T. L. Furby as director.

Mr. Enger Stratton, an Afro-American comedian from the states, is considered the most popular music hall minstrel now in London, Eng. Stratton is now doing a new song entitled, "The Coon Drum Major."

That fine young violinist, Master Clarence C. White, now studying at the Oberlin Conservatory of Music has captivated the hearts of the western audiences. Master White is a Washington boy.

Crowded houses greeted Black Patti at the Academy last week. The daily papers spoke in the highest terms of her wonderful singing.

Prof. R. W. Thompson is gathering together a fine array of talent for the Prince Hall concert on May 15th, at Grand Army Hall.

Mrs. Thaddeus Grimes Johnson's many friends will be gratified to know that she will recite at the Hoffman concert at the Academy of Music on the evening of Friday June 9th.

## REAL-ESTATE.

R. J. MARSHALL,

REAL ESTATE & LOAN BROKER,  
508 11th Street, N. W.

FOR SALE—Near New York avenue and North Capital street, new, buff brick residence, 6 rooms, cellar and bath, newly papered and decorated; has all modern improvements and conveniences; mirror mantels, speaking tubes, electric bells, etc.

This property is nicely located in an improving section of the city. The new electric cars will pass within a half block. This property, \$3,000, on monthly payments about the same as rent.

FOR SALE—In the northwest, very desirably located, a dwelling and store together, brick, large store room, dining room and kitchen on the first floor, 4 bedrooms and bath on second floor, all modern improvements. Shelling and counters complete. Price, \$3,500, on very easy terms. This is an investment worthy of immediate attention.

Many other well located properties in different sections of the city for sale on easy terms. Stop paying rent and own your own home.

## SUMMER RESORTS.

Furnished Rooms With or Without Board at Moderate Prices.

## CLINTON COTTAGE

1820 Atlantic Avenue,  
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Emmanuel Murray Pro.

Wholesale and Retail Ice Cream Manufactory.

## ICK CREAM

### PARLORS.

Open May 1st 1899.

## THE AMERICAN GIRL.

SHE IS THE CLEVEREST, MOST BEAUTIFUL AND THE BEST-DRESSED OF WOMEN.

"The American girl has set the standard of beauty for the whole world, and unlike most sweeping statements, there never was one so true, even in its finest analysis," writes Edward Bok in the *May Ladies' Home Journal*. "And not only is true of the American girl's beauty, but it goes further and is true of her chivalry and brightness. She is the cleverest and most graceful girl in the world. Likewise is she the best dressed. The French may set the fashions, but it is takes an American girl to wear them. No girl so completely understands the art of dressing well. See, for a moment, how true this is of the girl of limited income—she who is out in the world earning her daily bread. No girl in the world dresses more becomingly than the self-supporting girl of America. Every one who has seen anything of the world and of the working girls of other nations knows how literally true this is. The working girl in America is prettier to begin with. We all know that some of the prettiest types of American girlhood are found behind the counters of stores and at desks in offices. But the American girl does not stop with her personal beauty. She is clever enough to know exactly how to dress to suit her circumstances, and rarely does she overdress."

"Then they caught a glimpse of a big sign stretched along the river bank, saying that teamsters for Denver was wanted. And seein' it, and despite their feelin' at the time—for their heads ached terribly—they clanged at each other and grinded, for all had skinned mules or whacked mules at one time or another, and seeing the sign brought the recollection back."

SECOND EDITION!

The Latest! The United States naval and land forces are winning glorious victories in the Philippines.

Nevertheless,

The Congressional Lyceum,

Will hold its second

Fair and Entertainment

At Odd Fellows Hall, 1606 M street northwest, for two weeks as follows:

April 24, 25, 26, 27, 28,

May 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, 1899.

Proceeds to meet the expenses of Hym books and Song services.

Special Mirth-Provoking Attractions each evening, including up-to-date

Cake walks and Prize Waltzes.

That all may enjoy themselves, a committee has been selected to present good order.

## REFRESHMENTS.

will be in charge of the active Ladies Auxiliary.

Music by the Capital City Orchestra

Prof. Benj. Holmes, director.

CARD OF ADMISSION, - 10c.

W. H. BROOKER HONORED.

The many friends of Mr. W. H. Brooker, gave him a surprise last Monday night. The occasion being the anniversary of his birthday, and the high esteem in which he is held by his friends. Mrs. Brooker the beloved and esteemed wife of Mr. Brooker had anticipated the surprise and had the parlors arranged for the occasion.

Among those present were Mr. James Simpson, Washington Daily, John Holland, Richard Gasbea, Henry Lancaster, Burnett Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Joice, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Holland, Mr. and Mrs. Sandy Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lasker, Miss Katie Howard, Miss Fannie Holland, Mrs. M. Thompson, Mr. Douglas Syphax and others. The presents were numerous and costly. Miss Beatrice Brooker made a neat presentation speech, introducing the surprise party.

8. Well, boys, it's bulls again!

"And Confederate," says Clute,

where I've still got a claim to divide."

"Amen," says Long Williams, and

he caravanned pulled out.

"Now, I seen 'em all over at Con-

ederate, that same fall. They was

ninin', but they wasn't gettin' no ton

'o gold. They had their shay at a

teap' o' money, and fortune seldom

meets the same men on the back twice.

Let them had done mighty well con-

sidering the chances they'd took. And

so I told 'em, addin', too, what I said

at the outset, that they reminded me

of the sprinter who ran hard, but

tumbled up at the tape, thereby losin'

with his money and the race."

## THEY LOST A TON OF GOLD

Bad Luck Which Followed  
Miners From Confederate Gulch.

## THEY FACED MANY PERILS

Getting Into Civilization They Fall  
Victims to the Wiles of Smooth Robbers.

## The Story as Related By "Bob" Harwood

A Large Sized Jag Which Was Kept  
for Sep. rating Them From Their  
Wealth—Failed to See the Boxes Which  
Were Put Aboard at Omaha.

"It was an even ton of gold," said

Bob Harwood, "that Long Williams, B. Dingee and Clute Mullen took out of Confederate Gulch in '64. And when I recall their experiences in getting it East, where they expected to live happily ever afterward, I'm reminded of the sprinter who ran hard, but stumbled at the tape, and thereby lost his money and the race."

"Of course, they knew they had a job before 'em, for the Sioux was bad, and so was the Blackfeet. Moreover, there was the ride down the Missouri, and in a boat of their own making. And, besides, that their ton of gold weighed over 2,000 pounds—for they wasn't cheating themselves—and a ton of most anything honest weight is a pretty big handicap for one to make speed with in goin' through a hostile country."

"Long Williams seen to gettin' the grub; B. Dingee hired the escort and Clute Mullen made his chief worry to rent the teams and weapons. And thus equipped they started out for Boston, at the head of the Missouri, in the late fall of '64."

"At Benton the escort turned back.

## UNDERTAKERS

TELEPHONE CALL, 1102.

Funeral  
DIRECTOR

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Babney,  
Funeral Director

Hiring, Livery and Sale Stables, carriages hired for funerals, parties, balls, receptions, etc. Horses and carriages kept in first-class style and satisfaction guaranteed. Having purchased lot No. 1132 3rd st. n. w. and built a new brick structure with all modern improvements, my friends and the public are hereby notified, that I have moved from old place of business, 441 L. et n. w., to my new and spacious structure, 1132 3rd st. n. w. where we are prepared to better satisfaction.

Our Stables, In  
Freeman's Alley

Where I can accommodate fifty horses. Call and inspect our new and modern caskets and investigate our methods of doing first-class work.

Our New Building,  
1132 3rd St. n. w.

JH. DABNEY,  
Proprietor.

TELEPHONE CALL, 222.

R. F. HARVEY'S SONS

## Undertakers.

892 and Ave N. w.

When you go to the Center Market, go to stands 451, 452 and 453. If you go to the Northern Liberty Market, call at stands 401 and 302. Ask for Mr. Miller or Krogman. They keep the best hams, lards, etc. in any market. Don't fail to give them a call.

GEO. W. WISE  
Furnishing  
Undertaker

PRACTICAL EMBALMER,  
NO. 2900 M STREET,  
GEORGETOWN, D. C.  
TELEPHONE CALL 1038-3.

JOHN R. WRIGHT,  
Embalmer and Undertaker,  
1337 Tenth St. N. W.,  
Telephone Call 709, Washington, D. C.

SALOONS—Southeast.

FINE OLD

MONOGRAM  
R Y E

WHISKEY

JOHN H. GATES

25th St. S. E., Washington, D. C.

Repairing Called for and Delivered.

CHARLES KRAEMER,  
Dealer in  
WINES & LIQUORS.

735 seventh street northwest



## R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

A new style pocket containing THE R·I·P·A·N·S PAPULES in a paper card (without glass) is now for sale at one cent each. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economic. One dozen of the R·I·P·A·N·S PAPULES cost only one cent. Forty-eight cents to the R·I·P·A·N·S CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York, or a nice card (ONE DOLLAR) will be sent for five cents. Best medicine ever made since the world was created.

F. DOWREY  
Dealer In Choice  
Wines, Liquors,CIGARS AND TOBACCO.  
326 G Street Southwest.PATRICK MURPHY  
Saloon,509 NINTH STREET N. W.  
Washington, D. C.

## Wm. Muehleisen.

IMPORTOR and

## Wholesale Liquor Dealer,

Established 1870.  
and 918 FIFTH STREET N. W.JOHN CURTIN,  
Pure Wines and Liquors.

PORTER AND ALE ON DRA

Ice Cold Maerzen Beer.

Brawn From the Woods

3238 M Street Northwest,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

## C. L. Sullivan,

Harness and Collar Manufacturer,

STAPLE SUPPLIES.

1337 Tenth Street northwest.

Repairing Called for and Delivered.

## G. F. Fogle,

\*\* Restaurant, Choice Wines,  
\*\* Liquors and Cigars.208 Seventh Street Southwest,  
Washington, D. C.

## D. Sanon,

Dealer In'

Rye Whiskies, Wines, Gins,  
Brandies and Rum.

N. W. Cor. Dela. Ave. &amp; M St. S. W.

## CAPITAL SAVINGS BANK

609 F St. N. W. Washington, D. C.

## Capital - \$50,000

HON. JNO. L. LYNN, PRESIDENT

H. P. MONTGOMERY, V-PRES.;

J. A. STORUM, SECTY;

L. C. BAILEY, TREASURER;

D. B. McCARTY, CASHIER;

DIRECTORS:

Jno. R. Lynch, L. C. Bailey,

W. W. McKinley, W. S. Lofton,

R. H. Terrell, James Storrm,

W. H. Archer, Jno. A. Pierr,

J. A. Lewis, A. W. Taneil,

H. E. Baker, H. P. Montgomery,

W. S. Montgomery, J. A. Johnson

Deposits received from 10 cents upward. Interest allowed on \$5.00 and above. Treasurers of churches, associations, and other organizations can deposit funds with this Bank and receive interest. The money is subject to check without notice. We shall be glad to have you open an account. BANK OPEN FROM 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

## ADVERTISERS

can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of advertising in American papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co.

Newspaper Advertising Bureau  
10 Spruce St. New York

2240 pounds to the Ton. Sawed and Split wood. All stock under cover. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

No. 70 G Street, Northeast.

## GIBSON WHISKEY A SPECIALTY.

3219 M STREET.

WEST WASHINGTON, D. C.

## SALOONS—Georgetown.

## M. F. MORAN

Wholesale and Retail Dealer In

Imported Brown Stout, Ale,

Domestic Wines, Liquors,

Cigars, &amp;c.

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, JEWELRY.  
NORTHWEST.

300 M Street, - Georgetown, D. C.

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, JEWELRY.  
NORTHWEST.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

H. W. PETERS &amp; CO.,

1720 7th St. n. w., Washington, D. C.

WATCH, CLOCK AND JEWELRY  
Repairing. Eye-Glasses a specialty.

GOODS called and DELIVERED

J. R. GOW,

Dealer in

Men's Ladies' and  
Children's Footwear.1638 14th St. N. W., Cor. of R St.  
Washington, D. C.

ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

THE MOST RELIABLE DENT-  
IST IN THE CITY.PAINLESS EXTRACTION, OLD  
AND NEW STYLE PROCESS  
USED ONLY BY THIS FIRM.

Dr M. B. GROSHON, Manager.

1529 14th Street, N. W.

## Your Face



Will be wreathed with a most engaging smile, as you invest in a

smile.

EQUIPPED WITH ITS NEW

PINCH TENSION,

TENSION INDICATOR

—

AUTOMATIC TENSION RELEASER,

The most complete and useful devices ever

added to any sewing machine.

The WHITE is

Durably and Handsomely Built,

Of Fine Finish and Perfect Adjustment,

Sews ALL Washable Articles,

And will serve and please you up to the full

limit of your expectations.

ACTIVE DEALERS WANTED in unoc-

ticed territory. Liberal terms. Address,

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.

CLEVELAND, O.

SPARTA  
POOL ROOM1206 Penn. Avenue, n. w.  
Samuel Tyler, Mgr.

**FREE!** Solid gold plate set with a  
Parisian diamond. Name and address and ten  
cents to cover postage, and we will  
send you ring and novelties. Price  
jewelry and novelties catalogue.  
Buchanan Co., 20 E. 14 St. N. Y.

William A. Linton,

—DEALER IN—

WOOD COAL &amp; COKE.

2240 pounds to the Ton. Sawed and Split wood. All stock under cover. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

No. 70 G Street, Northeast.

## ICE CREAM PARLORS—Southwest

E. MURRAY

## Ice Cream Parlors,

No. 600 and 602 3d street,  
Southwest.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

## Oysters

Served in every style. Ice Cream

Confectionery.

Northwest.

## BUSINESS HOUSES—Northwest

FOR ALL KINDS OF

TENORIAL WORK.

Call at...

505 D St. N. W.

F. A. JACKSON, Prop.

PIANO TUNERS.

George &amp; Co., 908 7th street, north-

west, is where you will find the

best gents goods. Take your boys

there and say The BEE sent you. Mr.

George is an affable and just man to

the people.

It adjusts itself so perfectly to the ru-

ture that it is impossible for it to be-

come displaced.

It permits the utmost freedom of mo-

tion with perfect safety.

All uncomfortable and injurious steel

spring pressure is avoided.

The pad is held in place by woven

bands, which retain an equal pres-

sure in all positions of the body.

It can be worn in bed, a great desir-

er to the young as tending to a

perfect cure.

It is the only suitable truss for chil-

dren and females.

The proper amount of pressure can be

brought to bear and maintained in

any position without pinching or

harm to the wearer.

It will cure hernia if placed on the pa-

tient sufficiently early.

Excepting umbilical, it is the best

truss ever offered for all kinds of

hernia.

It is perfect and comfortable in its

adjustment that the patient in a

short time forgets he is wearing it.



# THE WASHINGTON BEE.

## OUR NEW LEADERSHIP.

### A REPRESENTATIVE AUDIENCE ATTENDED THE CONGRESSIONAL LYCEUM CROWDS TURNED AWAY.

The announcement through the press that W. Calvin Chase, Esq., would discuss the subject, "Our new Leadership," before the Congressional Lyceum, Odd Fellows Hall, brought out, Sunday afternoon last, the largest and most representative audience ever present. After singing "America," a prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. R. E. Hart of Israel church. Mr. Chase was introduced by W. C. Martin, Esq., president of the lyceum and said in part:

"What is leadership? In its broad sense it is morally the fact of leading, a process which may or may not be based in right or ability. In the sense in which the colored people would construe a leader, it is far more. Leadership from a colored man's standpoint means that there must be first, a principle; second, a policy; and third, a following. As regards principle the leader must entertain a full and perfect conception of the place to which he is entitled. He must be acquainted with the many sides of our political edifice. He must know its valuable points and must know the letter of the law as it relates to such principles.

When the chair announced that the subject was before the lyceum for consideration, ex-Gov. P. B. S. Pinchback of La., rose and said, that while he highly complimented Mr. Chase for the paper, he could not agree with him in saying that there were no race leaders. He was a cabin boy on a Mississippi river steamer in the 60's and in sixteen years he was promoted to the state legislature, then lieutenant-governor and to the federal senate. He referred to a number of the old leaders who are now dead, and said there had always been leaders, that there always would be leaders. Congressman Geo. H. White of North Carolina said that as he had never posed as a leader he was wholly unable to debate the paper. Col. W. A. Pledger, of Ga., observed that for good and sufficient reasons he would say nothing. Lawyer T. L. Jones, agreed with Mr. Chase in saying that the race never had a real leader, but admitted that Frederick Douglass was a great leader and a beacon light for the race. Mr. Jones had warmed up the subject and was getting off some Websterian periods when the chairman's gavel rapped, "time." The gavel had hardly fallen when Justice of Peace E. M. Hewlett was recognized by the chair and at once proceeded to pay his respects to Mr. Jones by saying that the latter's admission that Douglass was a beacon light for the race was admission that Douglass was a real leader.

The presence of ex-collector of taxes, John F. Cook, caused no little favorable comment among the distinguished audience. Mr. Cook is one of the old leaders is easily the weightiest colored man in the District, and evidently was present to hear what the essayist had to say. His introduction by the chair was greeted by prolonged applause which was generally renewed when he rose to speak.

He said among other things that while the paper was thoughtful and contained much with which he would heartily agree, there were some statements with which he could not agree, official elevation did not necessarily make a man great or a leader and that a practical man with good common-sense might become a leader. If there were no leaders, the reason might be found in the fact that the masses would not support or stand by them.

Ex-Senator John P. Green of Ohio, said he had never posed as or considered himself a leader, that for twenty-seven years he had practiced law, and if he was leader in his profession so be it.

Mr. L. H. Peterson said that in the main he agreed with the paper. He characterized Mr. Chase as a great leader, equal to any in the District. Col. Perry Carson not excepted, (laughter and prolonged applause.)

Dr. Geo. H. Richardson, as was conceded by all, made the speech of the occasion. His argument was concise, pointed, relevant and logical and said that among neither the old leaders nor the new could there be found a man who would come within the purview of Mr. Chase's definition of a leader.

Rev. Dr. Hart said that he believed that there were race leaders, but as a rule it required but a very small official loaf to stop them from talking or acting.

Mr. Thomas Fortune, Esq., of New York, said he had been in the newspaper business for twenty years and that he had always supported the leaders including Booker T. Washington.

A few of the prominent persons present were Miss Eva Chase, principal Slater school; Misses Lula Chase, Jackson, and Jeanette E. Anderson, teachers; Miss Emma F. G. Merritt, supervising principal of the primary department; Miss Nannie Burroughs, Madam Joy of Hayti, Messrs. Costin, Hearsey, J. H. Stewart, Rev. J. A. Taylor, Dr. W. Bruce Evans, principal of Mott school; Lieut. T. H. R. Clarke and T. H. Wright, trustee of public schools.

The solo by Miss Marie James was beautifully rendered.

Tomorrow at 4 o'clock Prof. L. M. Hershaw will address the lyceum. Subject "Organization and negro organizations."

President Martin deserves great credit for the success of the meeting and the dignified manner in which he presided.

## MISS M. E. WARE,

Will conduct a Course of Lectures, in Domestic Science and Practical Lessons in Cooking at,

Somers' T. O. M. F.

2007 Vermont Ave., northwest.

The course will be given in 12 lessons. First lecture Monday May 1st, from 7 to 9 p. m.

Terms Reasonable—For further information address,

MISS WARE,

50 Paterson St. N. E.

## SEIZED BY AN OCTOPUS.

### Frightful Experience of a Man Off the New Guinea Coast.

The greatest enemies the divers had to fear in the waters of New Guinea was the dreaded octopus, whose presence occasioned far greater panic than the appearance of a mere shark. These loathsome monsters, says a veteran diver, would sometimes come and throw their horrible tentacles over the side of the frail craft from which the divers were working, and actually fasten on to the men themselves, dragging them out into the water. At other times octopuses have been known to attack the divers down below, and hold them relentlessly under water until life was extinct.

One of our own men had a terribly narrow escape from one of these fearful creatures. I must explain, however, that each evening, when the divers returned from pearl fishing, they roped all their little skiffs together and let them lie astern of the schooner. Well, one night the wind rose and rain fell heavily, with the result that next morning all the little boats were found more or less waterlogged. Some of the Malays were told to go off and bale them out. While they were at work one of the men saw a mysterious looking black object in the sea, which so attracted his attention that he dived overboard to find out what it was. He had barely reached the water, however, when an immense octopus rose into view, and at once made for the terrified man, who instantly saw his danger, and with great presence of mind promptly turned and scrambled back into the boat.

The terrible creature was after him, however, and to the horror of the onlookers, it extended its great flexible tentacles, enveloped the entire boat man and all, and then dragged the whole down under the crystal sea. The diver's horrified comrades rushed to his assistance, and an attempt was made to kill the octopus with a harpoon, but without success. Several of his more resourceful companions then dove into the water with a big net made of rope, which they took right beneath the octopus, entangling the creature with its still living prey. The next step was to drive up both man and octopus into the whaleboat, and this done, the unfortunate Malay was at length seized by his legs and dragged by sheer force out of the frightful embrace, more dead than alive. However we soon revived him by putting him in a very hot bath, the water being at such a temperature as actually to blister his skin. It is most remarkable that the man was not altogether drowned, as he had been held under water by the tentacles of the octopus for rather more than two minutes. But like all the Malays of our party, this man carried a knife, which he used to very good purpose on the monster's body when it first dragged him under water. These repeated stabs caused the creature to keep rolling about on the surface. The unhappy man was thus enabled to get an occasional breath of air, otherwise he must infallibly have been drowned. The octopus had an oval body and was provided with an extraordinary number of tentacles—six very large ones and many smaller ones of various sizes. It was a horrible-looking creature, with a flat, slim body, yellowish white in color, with black spots and a hideous cavity of a mouth, without teeth. It is the tentacles of the creature that are so dreaded, on account of the immense sucking power which they possess. After this incident the divers always took a tomahawk with them on their expeditions, in order to lop off the tentacles of any octopus that might try to attack them.

"That costs about one-eighth as much in New York," I said.

"Cawn't 'elp that," answered the dealer. "These 'ere papers is massive. They contain lots of good paper, and we got to sell 'em by weight."

"Have you any cheaper?" I asked.

"Yes," he said again. "I've got some cheaper; this one is only 10¢; it weighs much less; it has no pictures, you see, and he picked up a Chicago Journal of a mid-week date."

"But I want a New York Sunday newspaper."

"Well, those will cost you from 18¢ to 20¢ (30 to 40 cents) each, according to weight, but I can sell you a Kansas City Sunday paper for 6¢, (12 cents) if you must have a cheap Sunday paper."

Then I found that the dealer would sell separate sections of a Sunday edition if the customer didn't want the whole, and while I was in the store three men came in and bought different parts of a journal, paying as much as four cents a section. Of course, when the "want ad." part was put on the scales and sold to the fourth customer he didn't know how interesting New York news was until he got home.

Care of the Eyelashes.

The ancients made a art of the cultivation of the eyelashes. It was recognized that, besides adding to the expression of the eyes, the lashes preserved them from the dust, cold, wind and too glaring light, all of which tend to irritate and often inflame the eye. It is therefore not a vanity to endeavor to obtain them and then preserve them from falling out.

A little pure vaseline applied to the eyelashes every night will aid their growth and strengthen them.

The Retired Burglar.

"I reckon," said the retired burglar, "that we all have a streak of sentiment in us, if we only knew it. I remember once going into a house where I scooped in downstairs a miserable little lot of worn and battered spoons that looked as though generations of children had chewed on 'em, and then going on upstairs in the hopes of finding something better. I saw a light darting across the hall through a partly open door and heard somebody talking there.

"When I got along to where I could see in through the crack between the floor and the piano I saw a young man sitting in that room on the edge of the bed, a young fellow, maybe eighteen or twenty, very much downcast. Just now, and sitting there on the edge of the bed, with his elbows on his knees and his head in his hands and looking very dejected and listening to a woman talking, who sat on the edge of the bed, too, down by the footboard of it. She was dressed in black, and she was a widow, as I could tell by looking at her easy enough, and as I learned in a minute by hearing her talk.

"And of course the boy was her son. He must have come into the house just before I did, and she was sitting up waiting for him; and now she was talking to him. It was rum, of course, but she didn't growl at him, nor find fault with him, nor pick at him at all. She loved him, you know, better 'n anything on earth, and it broke her heart, pretty near, to see him drink, and she talked a long to him that way and about how his father was gone and he was all she had left now and all that sort of thing, you know, and the more I heard her talk the more I thought I did not want the pesky old spoons. Pooty darn thin and no account they were, anyway, but I thought she might miss 'em, and when I saw, or imagined I saw, a tear falling down between the boy's hands and his mother leaning forward and laying a hand on his shoulder, you know what I did? I slid downstairs and put the blessed old spoons where I found 'em, and took a sneak.

A Few Truths.

Too often we mistake companions or friends.

Talent teaches us what to do—teach us what not to do.

Why do we always show our worst side to our best friends?

The long-suffering worm will turn, but it sometimes is crushed in the effort.

It is a long-sighted bachelor who gives a baby something its mother can use.

The only evidence of good taste some men show is in their selection of their wives.

## ODDITIES OF POISONING.

### Some People May Safely Eat Certain Food Which Would Be Poison to Others.

The constitutional differences and peculiarities which exist among individuals should always be carefully watched and considered. One person can handle poison ivy with impunity while another is poisoned if only in the vicinity of the vine and without contact. Some members of a family residing in a malarial district will suffer regularly with chills and fever, while other members will not be at all affected.

Food that is actually poisonous to some persons, will not so act on others. One person may eat all kinds of green fruit and vegetables with impunity, while another person could do so only at the risk of life. Certain kinds of fish are actually poisonous to some people and perfectly wholesome to others.

If this is peculiar condition of the system which constitutes the danger point in the individual case and should be prudently observed by each one for himself. Intestinal derangements frequently arise from and are aggravated by certain kinds of food. Thus a person affected with kidney or liver trouble should not eat very white bread since the extreme whiteness is often produced by the use of alum with an inferior article of flour, and as alum is known to be poisonous in its effects on a sound constitution, this is why alum baking powder is never used by people of judgment and discretion.

More of earthly happiness depends upon what we eat than many people realize and it is for this reason that the different states are one by one passing pure-food laws.

Journalism by Weight.

There are more funny things going on in this big world than ever its people dreamed of. But somehow they never get into books. Now, for instance, in Australia, a country that follows American customs very closely, the people have a great desire for American newspapers. Every steamer that arrives from this country brings its full quota of American journals, which are immediately put on sale. One day I was in Adelaide, South Australia, and I went into a store to buy the Sunday edition of a New York paper. The dealer took one, placed it on the scales, which he scanned very carefully and then said 18 pence (3¢ cents).

"That costs about one-eighth as much in New York," I said.

"Cawn't 'elp that," answered the dealer. "These 'ere papers is massive. They contain lots of good paper, and we got to sell 'em by weight."

"Have you any cheaper?" I asked.

"Yes," he said again. "I've got some cheaper; this one is only 10¢; it weighs much less; it has no pictures, you see, and he picked up a Chicago Journal of a mid-week date."

"But I want a New York Sunday newspaper."

"Well, those will cost you from 18¢ to 20¢ (30 to 40 cents) each, according to weight, but I can sell you a Kansas City Sunday paper for 6¢, (12 cents) if you must have a cheap Sunday paper."

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The long-suffering worm will turn, but it sometimes is crushed in the effort.

It is a long-sighted bachelor who gives a baby something its mother can use.

The only evidence of good taste some men show is in their selection of their wives.

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